Amendments to the Claims:

The following **Listing of Claims** will replace all earlier versions and listings of the claims.

Listing of Claims:

1. (currently amended) An in vitro method for the determination of the formation of endothelins in serious diseases, in particular cardiovascular diseases, inflammations, sepsis and cancer, in whole blood, plasma or serum of a human patient suspected of a disease selected from the group consisting of cardiovascular disease, inflammation, sepsis and cancer for purposes of medical diagnostics, wherein the formation of endothelin-1 (SEQ ID NO.:2) and big endothelin-1 (SEQ ID NO.: 3) is determined by determining thosedetecting a C-terminal fragments of preproendothelin-1 (SEQ ID NO.: 1) which are recognized by antibodies which bind to peptides which correspond to peptide sequences in the range of amino acids 93 to 212 of preproendothelin-1 suspected of a disease selected from the group consisting of cardiovascular disease, inflammation, sepsis and cancer, the method comprising:

obtaining a whole blood, plasma or serum sample from the patient; contacting said sample with first antibodies that specifically bind to a first epitope within amino acids 168-212 of preproendothelin and second antibodies that specifically bind to a second epitope within amino acids 168-212 of preproendothelin, one of said first and second antibodies being labeled with a detectable marker, wherein the level of a C-terminal fragment detected by said first and second antibodies correlates with the level of formation of endothelin-1 (SEQ ID NO:2) or big endothelin-1 (SEQ ID NO:3) in said patient.

2-4. (*canceled*)

- 5. (*currently amended*) The method as claimed in claim 4<u>1</u>, wherein said first and second antibodies bind to two different regions of preproendothelin-1 selected from amino acids 168-181, 184-203 and 200-212 of preproendothelin-1 for determining a C-terminal fragment comprising amino acids 168 to 212 of preproendothelin-1 (SEQ ID NO:7).
- 6. (*currently amended*) The method of claim 1, wherein said method provides for the quantitative or semiquantitative determination of the peptide a C-terminal fragments of preproendothelin-1 comprising amino acids 168-212 of preproendothelin-1.
- 7. (*currently amended*) The method as claimed in claim 6, wherein said determination is an immunochromatographic point-of-care test or another accelerated test.
- 8. (*currently amended*) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the <u>first and second</u> antibodies used for the determination are selected from monoclonal antibodies, affinity-purified polyclonal antibodies, or a combination of monoclonal and affinity-purified antibodies.
- 9. (*currently amended*) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the <u>first and second</u>antibodies are obtained by immunizing an animal with a synthetic peptide consisting of amino acids 168-181, 184-203 or 200-212 of preproendothelin-1.
- 10. (*previously presented*) The method as claimed in claim 1,wherein one of said first and second antibodies is bound to a solid phase.
- 11. (*currently amended*) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein two said first and second antibodies are used for the determination, both of which are present in dispersed form in thea liquid reaction mixture, a first marking component which

is part of a marking system based on fluorescence or chemiluminescence distinction or amplification detectable marker being bound to the first antibody, and thea second marking component of this marking system detactable marker being bound to the second antibody so that, after binding of both antibodies to the peptide-terminal fragment of preproendothelin-1 to be detected to form an analyte/antibody complex, a measurable signal which permits detection of the resulting sandwich complexes in the measuring solution is generated.

- 12. (*currently amended*) The method as claimed in claim 11, wherein the marking systemdetectable marker comprises rare earth cryptates or chelates in combination with a fluorescent or chemiluminescent dye, in particular of the cyanine type.
- 13. (*currently amended*) The method as claimed in claim 1, which is used for diagnosis, for determination of severity and for prognosis and for monitoring the therapy in the course of wherein said disease is sepsis.
- (*original*) The method as claimed in claim 13, which is carried out as part of a multiparameter determination, in which at least one further parameter relevant to sepsis diagnosis is determined simultaneously.
- 15. (*original*) The method as claimed in claim 14, wherein the further parameter or parameters relevant for sepsis diagnosis is or are selected from the group which consists of anti-ganglioside antibodies, the proteins calcitonin, CA 125, CA 19-9, S100B, S100A proteins, LASP-1, soluble cytokeratin fragments, in particular CYFRA 21, TPS and/or soluble cytokeratin-1 fragments (sCY1F), the peptides inflammin and CHP, fragments of the prohormones pro-ANP, pro-BNP or pro-ADM, glycine-N-acyltransferase (GNAT), carbamoylphosphate synthetase 1 (CPS 1) and C-reactive protein (CRP) or fragments thereof.
- 16. (*currently amended*) The method as claimed in claim 1, which is used in the area of cardiac diagnostics wherein said disease is cardiovascular disease.

- 17. (*currently amended*) The method as claimed in claim 16, which is carried out as part of a multiparameter determination, in which further parameters relevant to eardiac diagnosticscardiocascular disease are determined simultaneously.
- 18. (*currently amended*) The method as claimed in claim 1, which is used in the area ofwherein said disease is cancer-diagnosties.
- 19. (*original*) The method as claimed in claim 18, which is carried out as part of a multiparameter determination, in which further parameters relevant to cancer diagnostics are determined simultaneously.
- 20. (*withdrawn*) An antibody which binds specifically to peptides which consist of the amino acid sequences which correspond to the amino acids 168-181, 184-203 and 200-212 of preproendothelin-1.
- 21. (*withdrawn*) The antibody as claimed in claim 20, which is an affinity-purified polyclonal antibody or monoclonal antibody.
- 22. (withdrawn) A kit for carrying out a method as claimed in claim 1, which comprises at least: (a) a first antibody as claimed in either of claims 20 and 21, (b) a second, different antibody as claimed in either of claims 20 and 21, one of the antibodies being marked and the other being immobilized or immobilizable, and (c) a standard peptide which has an amino acid sequence which comprises at least the amino acids 168-203 or 168-212 of preproendothelin.
- 23. (*withdrawn*) The kit as claimed in claim 22, wherein the immobilized antibody is present in immobilized form on the walls of a test tube (CT).

24. (*new*) A method for determining the level of endothelin formation in a human patient suspected of a disease selected from the group consisting of cardiovascular disease, inflammation, sepsis and cancer, wherein the level of endothelin formation is determined by measuring the level of a C-terminal fragment of preproendothelin-1, the method comprising:

obtaining a whole blood, plasma or serum sample from the patient; contacting said sample with first antibodies that specifically bind to a first epitope within amino acids 168-212 of preproendothelin and second antibodies that specifically bind to a second epitope within amino acids 168-212 of preproendothelin, one of said first and second antibodies being labeled with a detectable marker; and

measuring the level of a C-terminal fragment of preproendothelin detected by said first and second antibodies, wherein the level of C-terminal fragment detected by said first and second antibodies correlates with the level of endothelin-1 formation in said patient.